

## Iso-Analytical Limited

### *Report of Analysis*

#### IA-R002- <sup>2</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C Mineral Oil Laboratory Standard

This laboratory standard is intended to provide a sample of known isotope composition with <sup>2</sup>H/<sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratios stated in parts per thousand difference (‰) from V-SMOW and the V-PDB (Pee Dee Belemnite) isotope ratio standards, respectively. This laboratory standard is not certified, but is provided to allow routine checking of the overall quality of measurements performed by continuous-flow isotope ratio mass spectrometry, and may be used as part of a quality control program. It is not intended for use as a substitute for calibration materials or inter-comparison materials distributed by NIST or IAEA.

#### Analysis

The <sup>2</sup>H/<sup>1</sup>H isotope ratio of the laboratory standard was measured by elemental analyser continuous-flow isotope ratio mass spectrometry using NBS-22 (Mineral Oil) as the calibration material. The <sup>2</sup>H/<sup>1</sup>H isotope ratio in the laboratory standard was measured six times on three separate occasions.

The <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratio of the laboratory standard was measured by elemental analyser continuous-flow isotope ratio mass spectrometry using NBS-22 (Mineral Oil) as the calibration material. The <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratio in the laboratory standard was measured six times on three separate occasions.

#### Isotope Abundance

The laboratory standard IA-R002 is compared to V-SMOW for the <sup>2</sup>H/<sup>1</sup>H isotope ratio and V-PDB for the <sup>13</sup>C/<sup>12</sup>C isotope ratio. The isotope composition of the laboratory standard in ‰ relative to V-SMOW and V-PDB is:

Laboratory Standard	$\delta^2\text{H}_{\text{V-SMOW}} (\text{‰})$ $\delta_m \pm \sigma_1$	$\delta^{13}\text{C}_{\text{V-PDB}} (\text{‰})$ $\delta_m \pm \sigma_1$
IA-R002	-111.2 ± 1.4	-28.06 ± 0.03

Note:  $\delta_m = \sum_{i=1}^n \delta_i/n$  ;  $\sigma_1 = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (\delta_m - \delta_i)^2/(n-1)}$  ; n = 17 for <sup>2</sup>H and 18 for <sup>13</sup>C

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